

HOWTO: Loading Genotype Data

Gregory Warnes
gregory_warnesurmc.rochester.edu,
Nitin Jain
nitin.jainpfizer.com

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1 Introduction

This document demonstrates how to use the *GeneticsBase* package to generate marker summary tables *for studies with a small number of markers*. It is written as a step-by-step tutorial. For additional details on each of the R functions utilized, please see the individual help pages

Note: The textual displays described here are not suitable for large numbers of markers. They are intended for reviewing detailed information on a small number of markers, such as those in candidate gene studies, or a small set of markers achieving a 'quality' or 'significance' cutoff from a larger set.

2 Example

2.1 Prepare phenotype data

The first step is to prepare the phenotype data. It may be in the form of a SAS dataset, SAS export file, comma-delimited text file (CSV), tab-delimited text file (TSV), or Microsoft Excel spreadsheet file (XLS). It should have one row per observation and one column per variable, and must contain a subject identifier variable that can be used to match observations with the corresponding genotype data.

2.2 Prepare genotype data

You also need to store the genetic call data in a file that can be read into R. *GeneticsBase* package accepts genotype data in a variety of formats:

- standard pedigree (ped) format.

a2m	apoe					
50103	5010004	5090005	5090004	2	2	1
2	3	4				
50103	5010005	5090005	5090004	2	2	1
1	3	4				
50105	5010049	5090021	5090022	2	2	1
1	4	4				
50105	5010070	5090020	5090019	1	2	1
1	3	4				

- ```
rs2298011 rs1320571 rs11721 rs4018608 rs6685064 rs604618 ...
1347 14 0 0 1 1 1 1 3 3 3 3 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 3 2 2 3 3 2
```

- | Locus | Gene   | Marker | Locus Start | Project | Protocol  | Sample ID | Donor ID | Genotype |
|-------|--------|--------|-------------|---------|-----------|-----------|----------|----------|
| A1A   | C1556G | -1243  | P234        | 103     | 1028022.1 | 1028022   | G/G      |          |
| A1B   | T127A  | 20141  | P234        | 103     | 1028022.1 | 1028022   | A/T      |          |
| A1B   | T5094A | 102358 | P234        | 103     | 1028022.1 | 1028022   | A/T      |          |
| A1A   | C1556G | -1243  | P234        | 103     | 1035130.1 | 1035130   | G/G      |          |

- ```
snp_id genotype
753527 rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr.....
752848 hhahaararhhahrrhhhahaharhaahhahrhhahhahnnha.....
```

In GeneticsBase, both genotype and phenotype data is loaded by a single function *readgenes*. This function *readGenes* has four primary arguments: *gfile*, *gformat*, *file*, and *pformat*. Arguments *gfile* and *pfile* are the names of files containing the genotype and phenotype data (respectively), and arguments *gformat* and *pformat* are the corresponding file formats for the genotype and phenotype data.

```
> library(GeneticsBase)
> setwd(file.path(.path.package("GeneticsBase"), "data"))
```

The Alzheimer’s example dataset is stored in the Fbat variant of the .ped Pedigree Format. As it does not include phenotype data, we only use the `genotype` filename and file type arguments:

The CAMP example dataset is from from the ‘Childhood Asthma Management Program (CAMP)’ and incudes both genotype and phenotype information. It can be loaded by:

A subset of the data for the International HapMap project is available in the hapmap example data set. This file can be loaded via:

- Pfizer genetics data format

```
> PfizerExample <- readGenes.pfizer("PfizerExample.txt", format = "Listing")
```

- Perlegen data format

```
> PerlegenExample <- readGenes("PerlegenExample.txt", gformat = "perlegen")
```