

Vectorizing the `DNAStr` function (work in progress)

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1 Introduction

This is a short tour on the `DNAStr` function vectorization feature.

Feel free to add your own comments.

2 `DNAStr` vs `BStringViews`

The `Biostrings2Classes` vignette presents a proposal for 2 new classes (*BString* and *BStringViews*) as a replacement for the *BioString* class currently defined in the *Biostrings* 1 (*Biostrings* v 1.4.x) package.

It also shows how to use the `DNAStr` function to create a *DNAStr* object (a *DNAStr* object is just a particular case of a *BString* object):

```
> d <- DNAStr("TTGAAAA-CTC-N")
```

However this function is NOT vectorized: it always returns a *DNAStr* object (which can only represent a *single* string).

In *Biostrings* 1, the `DNAStr` function IS vectorized. Its vectorized form does the following: (1) concatenates the elements of its `src` argument into a single big string, (2) stores the offsets of all these elements in the `offsets` slot.

This behaviour is not immediately obvious to the user, until he looks at the `offsets` slot.

It always returns a *BioString* object (with has as many values as the number of elements passed in the `src` argument).

3 The BStringViews generic function

The feature described in the previous section (provided by the vectorized form of the `DNAStrng` function in *Biostrings* 1) is provided in *Biostrings* 2 via the `BStringViews` generic function:

```
> v <- BStringViews(c("TTGAAAA-C", "TC-N"), "DNAStrng")
> v
```

```
Views on a 13-letter DNAStrng subject
Subject: TTGAAAA-CTC-N
Views:
      start end width
[1]      1   9     9 [TTGAAAA-C]
[2]     10  13     4 [TC-N]
```

4 Performance

The following example was provided by Wolfgang:

```
> library(hgu95av2probe)

> system.time(z <- BStringViews(hgu95av2probe$sequence, "DNAStrng"))

      user  system elapsed
      2.84    0.00     2.85

> z
```

```
Views on a 5045000-letter DNAStrng subject
Subject: TGGCTCCTGCTGAGGTCCCCTTTCCGGCTGTGAA...AAGCCCTCGTGCTCCTTGTCAACAGCGCACCCA
Views:
```

```
      start      end width
[1]       1       25    25 [TGGCTCCTGCTGAGGTCCCCTTTCC]
[2]      26       50    25 [GGCTGTGAATTCCTGTACATATTC]
[3]      51       75    25 [GCTTCAATTCCATTATGTTTAAATG]
[4]      76      100    25 [GCCGTTTGACAGAGCATGCTCTGCG]
[5]     101     125    25 [TGACAGAGCATGCTCTGCGTTGTTG]
[6]     126     150    25 [CTCTGCGTTGTTGGTTTCACCAGCT]
[7]     151     175    25 [GGTTTCACCAGCTTCTGCCCTCACA]
[8]     176     200    25 [TTCTGCCCTCACATGCACAGGGATT]
[9]     201     225    25 [CCTCACATGCACAGGGATTTAACAA]
...     ...     ...   ...
[201792] 5044776 5044800    25 [GAGTGCCAATTCGATGATGAGTCAG]
```

```
[201793] 5044801 5044825    25 [ACACTGACACTTGTGCTCCTTGTCA]
[201794] 5044826 5044850    25 [CAATTCGATGATGAGTCAGCAACTG]
[201795] 5044851 5044875    25 [GACTTCTGAGGAGATGGATAGCCT]
[201796] 5044876 5044900    25 [AGATGGATAGCCTTCTGTCAAAGCA]
[201797] 5044901 5044925    25 [ATAGCCTTCTGTCAAAGCATCATCT]
[201798] 5044926 5044950    25 [TTCTGTCAAAGCATCATCTCAACAA]
[201799] 5044951 5044975    25 [CAAAGCATCATCTCAACAAGCCCTC]
[201800] 5044976 5045000    25 [GTGCTCCTTGTCAACAGCGACCCCA]
```

With *Biostrings* 1, the call to `DNAString(hgu95av2probe$sequence)` takes about 20 minutes... (the implementation of the vectorization feature is quadratic in time, as reported by Wolfgang).

5 Loading a FASTA file in a *BStringViews* object

The `BStringViews` function can be used to load a FASTA file in a *BStringViews* object:

```
> file <- system.file("Exfiles", "someORF.fsa", package = "Biostrings")
> orf <- BStringViews(file(file), "DNAString")
> orf
```

Views on a 26339-letter DNAString subject

Subject: ACTTGTAATATATCTTTTATTTTCCGAGAGGAA...TATACATAGGGCTAAGGAAGAAAAAAAATCAC
Views:

	start	end	width	
[1]	1	5573	5573	[ACTTGTAATATATCTTTTATTTTCC...ACGCTTATCGACCTTATTGTTGATAT]
[2]	5574	11398	5825	[TTCCAAGGCCGATGAATTCGACTCTT...CAGAGTAAATTTTTTCTATTCTCTT]
[3]	11399	14385	2987	[CTTCATGTCAGCCTGCACTTCTGGGT...CGATGGTACTCATGTAGCTGCCTCAT]
[4]	14386	18314	3929	[CACTCATATCGGGGTCTTACTTCCC...ACGTGTCCCGAAACACGAAAAAGTAC]
[5]	18315	20962	2648	[AGAGAAAGAGTTTCACTTCTTGATTA...AAAATATAATTTATGTGTGAACATAG]
[6]	20963	23559	2597	[GTGTCCGGGCCTCGCAGGCGTTCTAC...TTCAAGTTTTGGCAGAATGTACTTTT]
[7]	23560	26339	2780	[CAAGATAATGTCAAAGTTAGTGGTCG...AGGGCTAAGGAAGAAAAAAAATCAC]

```
> desc(orf)
```

```
[1] ">YAL001C TFC3 SGDID:S0000001, Chr I from 152168-146596, reverse complement, Verified ORF"
[2] ">YAL002W VPS8 SGDID:S0000002, Chr I from 142709-148533, Verified ORF"
[3] ">YAL003W EFB1 SGDID:S0000003, Chr I from 141176-144162, Verified ORF"
[4] ">YAL005C SSA1 SGDID:S0000004, Chr I from 142433-138505, reverse complement, Verified ORF"
[5] ">YAL007C ERP2 SGDID:S0000005, Chr I from 139347-136700, reverse complement, Verified ORF"
[6] ">YAL008W FUN14 SGDID:S0000006, Chr I from 135916-138512, Verified ORF"
[7] ">YAL009W SP07 SGDID:S0000007, Chr I from 134856-137635, Verified ORF"
```

6 Switching between DNA and RNA views

The `BStringViews` function can also be used to switch between “DNA” and “RNA” views on the same string:

```
> orf2 <- BStringViews(orf, "RNAString")
```

These conversions are very fast because no string data needs to be copied:

```
> orf[[0]]@data
```

26339-byte CharBuffer object (starting at address 05B51B00)

```
> orf2[[0]]@data
```

26339-byte CharBuffer object (starting at address 05B51B00)